

1. The Stafford Act authorizes the President to do which of the following?
 - A. Issue a major disaster declaration to provide Federal aid to states overwhelmed by disasters.
 - B. Define the relationship among Federal, State, local, and voluntary agencies for disaster efforts.
 - C. Determine the types of Federal assistance FEMA may provide.
 - D. Define the cost sharing arrangements between Federal, State, and tribal governments.

2. Which of the following statements accurately describe the Stafford Act?
 - A. It defines the types of aid that State governments can provide to affected areas.
 - B. It authorizes the Governor to issue a major disaster declaration to provide Federal aid.
 - C. It defines the relationship between Federal, State, local, and voluntary agencies for disaster efforts.
 - D. It provides a list of voluntary agencies from which State, local, and tribal governments are allowed to accept aid.

3. After an incident occurs, and a formal PDA request is made to the FEMA Region, what is typically the next step in the process to obtain a Presidential Disaster Declaration?
 - A. FEMA headquarters recommends a course of action.
 - B. The Governor requests a major disaster declaration.
 - C. Representatives from the State, FEMA, and Small Business Association (SBA) conduct joint PDAs
 - D. A Formal PDA request is made to the FEMA Region.

4. After the Region submits a separate RSAR to FEMA headquarters with their recommendations, what is typically the next step in the process to obtain a Presidential Disaster Declaration?
 - A. FEMA headquarters recommends a course of action to the President.
 - B. The Governor requests a major disaster declaration.
 - C. Representatives from the State, FEMA, and Small Business Association (SBA) conduct joint PDAs
 - D. A Formal PDA request is made to the FEMA Region.

5. Which of the following are factors considered by FEMA when developing a recommendation to the President for supplemental disaster assistance?
 - A. Impact on the infrastructure of affected areas
 - B. Amount of Federal assistance already received after previous events
 - C. Frequency of disaster events over the past five year period
 - D. Number of disasters elsewhere in the country in the same year

6. Which statement best describes the biggest factor FEMA considers when determining whether to recommend Federal disaster assistance?
- A. The amount of Federal funding for disaster assistance that has already been committed nationwide in the current year
 - B. Whether or not the state and local jurisdictions have the resources available to meet the recovery needs
 - C. The frequency of similar disaster events over a recent time period in the affected area and neighboring states
 - D. The likelihood that similar disaster events will occur in the future affecting the same areas
7. Which IA program below includes Housing Assistance (HA) and Other Needs Assistance (ONA)?
- A. Individuals and Households Program
 - B. Small Business Administration
 - C. Crisis Counseling Program
 - D. Mass Care and Emergency Assistance
8. Which IA program offers low-interest disaster loans to homeowners and renters for resorting or replacing disaster-damaged, uninsured real and personal property?
- A. Individuals and Households Program
 - B. Small Business Administration
 - C. Disaster Unemployment Assistance
 - D. Cora Brown Fund
9. Which of the following statements best describe the Sequence of Delivery?
- A. It is the specific order in which assistance is provided to disaster survivors through FEMA.
 - B. It is the order in which a disaster-affected area may request a Presidential Disaster Declaration to receive Federal aid.
 - C. It helps ensure that states and local jurisdictions have the resources they need to recover and rebuild after a disaster.
 - D. It is the order of assistance which varies from state to state.
10. Which term applies to the order in which assistance is provided to disaster survivors through FEMA, to help ensure that applicants receive all the assistance they are legally entitled to without duplication of benefits?
- A. Cycle of Disaster Relief
 - B. Sequence of Delivery
 - C. Disaster Declaration Process
 - D. Individual Assistance Order

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11. Which one of the following depicts the order of components in the Sequence of Delivery for Disaster Assistance?
- A. Insurance followed by Housing Assistance
 - B. Housing Assistance followed by Insurance
 - C. Voluntary Agencies followed by SBA, then by Insurance
 - D. SBA followed by Voluntary Agencies, then by Insurance
12. What is the first step in the Sequence of Delivery?
- A. Other Needs Assistance (ONA)
 - B. Cora Brown Fund (CBF)
 - C. Small Business Administration (SBA)
 - D. Emergency Assistance (Voluntary Agencies)
13. Which type of Housing Assistance is used by the applicant to purchase or make a down payment on a new home?
- A. Temporary Housing Assistance
 - B. Repair
 - C. Replacement
 - D. Housing Construction
14. Housing Assistance comes in two forms. One is Financial. What is the other?
- A. Direct
 - B. Housing Construction
 - C. Repair
 - D. Replacement
15. Which OFA partner agency has a program that provides loans to low-income rural residents and communities to buy, build, or repair housing?
- A. Internal Revenue Service
 - B. US Department of Agriculture
 - C. Social Security Administration
 - D. Department of Veterans Affairs
16. To which OFA partner agency would you refer a disaster survivor for help with declaring uninsured casualty losses?
- A. Internal Revenue Service
 - B. US Department of Agriculture
 - C. Social Security Administration
 - D. Department of Veterans Affairs

17. Which of the following statements best describe the Joint Field Office (JFO)?
- A. This is a readily accessible fixed facility or mobile office where people affected by a disaster may go for assistance or information.
 - B. This facility provides a helpline, manages registration intake, and processes eligibility determinations.
 - C. This readily accessible facility provides long-term needs to disaster survivors.
 - D. This facility is the administrative or management command center of the disaster.
18. Which of the following statements best describe the Disaster Recovery Center (DRC)?
- A. This is a readily accessible fixed facility or mobile office where people affected by a disaster may go for assistance or information.
 - B. This facility provides a helpline, manages registration intake, and processes eligibility determinations.
 - C. This readily accessible facility provides long-term needs to disaster survivors.
 - D. This facility is the administrative or management command center of the disaster
19. Which of the following is a physical facility that is used when multiple disasters occur in a close proximity of time and space?
- A. Area Field Office
 - B. Joint Field Office
 - C. Disaster Recovery Center
 - D. Transitional Recovery Office
20. Which of the following services do NPSCs provide to disaster survivors?
- A. Crisis Counseling
 - B. Long-term recovery
 - C. Eligibility Determinations
 - D. Administrative Reporting